(*Rs. per quintal*)

Foodgrains	1978	1981	1982	1984	1986
	from 1-12-79	from 1-4-81	from 1-8-82	from 15-4-83	from 1-2-86
WHEAT	130·00 (all varieties of indigenou & imported wheat, for PDS & Roller Flour Mills)	145·00 (for PDS) 155.00 for (Roller flour Mills)	160·00 (for PDS) 185.00 (for Roller flour Mills)	172·00 (for PDS) 208.00 (for Roller Flour Mills) 172.00 for Roller Flour Mills) to 8·84	190.00 for PDS) 190.00 for Roll 220.00 Flour for roller Flour Mills from Flour w.e.f. 1·4·86
	Open Sale	175·00 (From 13·11·85)		193.00 From 1·2·86	

Sick and closed industries

917. SHRIMATI KANAK MUKHERJEE: Will the Minister of LABOUR be pleased to state:

(a) the number of sick and closed, large asd medium scale, industries as on 31st December, 1985, State-wise;

(b) the number of workers affected due to sickness and closures. of industries;

(c) what positive steps have been or are being taken by Government to get these unit reopened;

(d) whether Central Trade Union Organisations have made certain concrete proposals in this regard, and

(e) if so, what is Government's reaction thereto?

THE MINISTER OF STATE OF THE MINISTRY OF LABOUR (SHRI P. A. SANGMA): (a) According to information maintained by the Reserve Bank of India, as on 31st December, 1984, the period upto which the latest provisional information is available, there were 545 large sick units and 1287 medium sick units. State-wise information which is available in respect of large sick units only is given in the attached Statement-I (*See below*). State-wise break-up of sick units assisted by financial institutions which is not available by size of establishments is given in the attached Statement-II (*See below*). State-wise information on industrial units closed due to financial stringency, shortage of raw-material, shortage of power, breakdown of machinery, lack of demand and others maintained by the Labour Bureau is given in the attached Statement III (*See below*)

(b) Information on number of workers employed in sick industrial units is not available. The number of workers affected due to industrial closures during 1985 was 24,045.

(c) Government have laid down policy guidelines to combat industrial sickness in the country according to which the Banks and Financial Institutions are required to monitor sickness and take corrective action to revive sick units. The Central and State Governments also provide various concessions and reliefs as part of rehabilitation packages formulated by Banks and Financial Institutions to nurse sick industrial units back to health.

(d) and (e) The problems of industrial sickness and the measures required to combat it were initially discussed in the meeting the Union Minister of State for Labour took with the representatives of the Central Trade Union Organisations on the 9th April, 1985 and subsequently in the 28th Session of the Indian Labour Conference (ILC) held on the 25th and 26th November, 1985. The ILC which laid emphasis on quick programmes for rehabilitation and revival of sick undertakings has recommended that a Standing Committee be set up to monitor the problems of sickness in Industry and also to undertake in-depth study of individual cases of closed as well as potentially sick units so that effective remedial steps could be taken to prevent industrial sickness. This recommendation is receiving the attention of Government.

Statement—I

State-wise number of large scale sick industrial units assisted by Scheduled Commercial Banks as on December, 1984*

S. No.	Name of the State	No. of units
1	Andhra Pradesh	27
2	Assam	3
3	Bihar	14
4	Gujarat	52
5	Haryana	15
6	Himachal Pradesh	—
7	Jammu & Kashmir	—
8	Karnataka	31
9	Kerala	17
10	Madhya Pradesh	21
11	Maharashtra	113
12	Orissa	5
13	Punjab	3
14	Rajasthan	11
15	Tamil Nadu	44
16	Uttar Pradesh	60
17	West Bengal	118
18	Goa, Daman & Diu	5
19	Andaman & Nichobar	—
20	Chandigarh	—
21	Delhi	3
22	Dadra & Nagar Haveli	—
23	Manipur	—

S. No.	Name of the Stats	No. of Units
24	Meghalaya	—
25	Mizoram	—
26	Nagaland	—
27	Pondicherry	3
28	Tripura	—
29	Arunachal Pradesh	—
	TOTAL	545

*Units enjoying bank credit limits of Rs. 1 crore and above.

Statement—II

State-wise number of sick units assisted by Financial Institutions as on December, 1984*

S. No.	State	No. of Units
1	Andhra Pradesh	47
2	Assam	5
3	Bihar	13
4	Gujarat	26
5	Haryana	15
6	Himachal Pradesh	4
7	Jammu & Kashmir	1
8	Karnataka	37
9	Kerala	27
10	Madhya Pradesh	11
11	Maharashtra	81
12	Manipur	—
13	Meghalaya	1
14	Nagaland	1
15	Orissa	8
16	Punjab	11
17	Rajasthan	14
18	Sikkim	—
19	Tamil Nadu	38
20	Tripura	—

S. No.	State	No. of Units
21	Uttar Pradesh	57
22	West Bengal	38
23	Union Territories	8
	TOTAL	447

*IFCI, IDBI, ICICI, LIC, GIC, and UTI.

NOTE : Size-wise break-up not available.

Statement—III

Statement showing State-wise No. of Closures during 1985

Sl. No.	State/Union Territories	No. of Closures* (P)
1	Andhra Pradesh	1
2	Assam	—
3	Bihar	3
4	Gujarat	17
5	Haryana	5
6	Himachal Pradesh	—
7	Jammu & Kashmir	—
8	Karnataka	2
9	Kerala	29
10	Madhya Pradesh	5
11	Maharashtra	29
12	Manipur	—
13	Meghalaya	—
14	Nagaland	—
15	Orissa	3
16	Punjab	1
17	Rajasthan	26
18	Sikkim	..
19	Tamil Nadu	16
20	Tripura	1
21	Uttar Pradesh	3
22	West Bengal	—

Sl. No.	State/Union Territories	No. of closures* (p)
23	Andaman & Nichobar	—
24	Arunachal Pradesh	..
25	Chandigarh	..
26	Dadra & Nagar Haveli	—
27	Delhi	..
28	Goa, Daman & Diu	—
29	Lakshdweep	—
30	Mizoram	..
31	Pondicherry	—
	TOTAL	140

(P) — Provisional. (*) — Excluding Off Season Closures.
(..) — Not Available. (—) — Nil.

NOTE :—Information on Closures is not maintainced by size of establishments.

Import of durable consumer goods

918. SHRIMATI KANAK MUKHERJEE: Will the Minister of COMMERCE be pleased to state the value of each durable consumer goods imported during 1984 and 1985?

THE MINISTER OF COMMERCE AND FOOD AND CIVIL SUPPLIES (SHRI P. SHIV SHANKAR): Data relating to value of imports of various durable consumer goods are published in the publication entitled 'Monthly Statistics of Foreign Trade of India Vol. II Imports", copies of which are available in the Parliament Library. Latest published data are available upto 1981-82.

Disbursement of loans by banks in West Bengal

919. SHRIMATI KANAK MUKHERJEE: Will the Minister of FINANCE be pleased to state:

(a) what is the total amount of loans disbursed by the nationalised banks in West Bengal under the self-employment Scheme for the educated unemployed as at the end of January, 1986, district-wise;

(b) what are the criteria and guidelines laid down for the disbursement of bank laons;

(c) whether it is a fact that the banks disburse such loans on the recommendations of the Members of Parliament; and

(d) whether the guidelines were strictly followed by the banks in respect of loan disbursement at Behala under Jadavpur Lok Sabha constituency, West Bengal, in December, 1985 and January, 1986?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF FINANCE (SHRI JANARDHAN POOJARI): (a) Reserve Bank of India has reported that the bank-wise figures for each State/District are not collected by them under the existing reporting system. In West Bengal during 1983-84, banks have disbursed an amount